XS-2/230V Motor Prometheus

Product group: Sliding shutters, windows, doors,
Version: 1.4
Language: english
Orig. Language: german
Document: ------
1.4 Used Symbols

**Hint**
A hint gives important and additional information.

---

**NOTICE**

**Description of type and source of hazards**

Warnings, marked with this symbol, are related to safety. Disregard may result in property damage.

- Steps to avoid hazards.

---

**CAUTION**

**Description of type and source of hazards**

This symbol indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury and/or property damage.

The following levels of warning show the severity and probability of possible hazards, in ascending order.

- CAUTION, coloured yellow
- WARNING, coloured orange
- DANGER, coloured red

- Steps to avoid hazards.

---

- symbolizes a list with no specific order
- symbolizes a list or instruction in specific order

- symbolizes an action
  - symbolizes a reference
  - symbolizes the result of the action

---
2 Safety

2.1 Requirements for operation

**Hint**
Read the instruction manual before performing the initial operation.

2.1.1 Environmental conditions

The Prometheus XS-2/230 motor is designed for use in protected outdoor areas. It must not be exposed to direct moisture, such as rain. More information can be found in the datasheet.

2.2 Intended Use

This product serves as a drive for sliding shutters, sliding doors and sliding windows. It is connected directly to the 230V, 50Hz AC mains supply. Various connection options are available.

The manufacturer’s instructions for dimensioning, i.e. maximum and minimum dimensions, maximum weights and similar details must be observed.

Any other use of this product shall be considered as improper use.

We cannot guarantee that the product will work with fittings, controls or other electronics from other manufacturers.

2.3 Behavior in case of an error

In case of an error, the device must be shut down and the manufacturer must be informed.

**Shut down**
- Do not operate device
- Disconnect device from power supply
- Inform the manufacturer
3 Functional Description

Construction and Function of the Motor

The motor's internal construction consists of a 24V DC motor, the electronics and a mains adapter. The motor usually drives a sliding shutter or a sliding door via a toothed belt.

The motor always has 4 wires in the connection cable. The connection of these cables determines the type of operation:

4-Wire Connection, Automatic optional with wireless control

- The following connections are made for the 4-wire connection: L (phase, permanent), N (neutral wire), Open (L phase) and Closed (L phase).

The motor is normally permanently supplied with voltage. If one of the two control inputs is connected with voltage, the motor starts to run in the desired direction. The control signal need not be on continuously during the run; a short pulse is sufficient.

The motor stops when an obstacle is detected, if a pulse is given off in the opposite direction or the end of the track is reached.

3-Wire Connection, Deadman no wireless control possible

- The following connections are made for the 3-wire connection:
  N (neutral wire), Open (L phase) and Closed (L phase).
  L (phase, permanent) is not connected.

The motor is only supplied with voltage via the control inputs. If one of the two control inputs is connected with voltage, the motor starts to run in the desired direction. The control signal must stay on continuously during the run.

The motor stops when an obstacle is detected or the end of the track is reached. The motor also stops when the control signal goes off.

2-Wire Connection, with mandatory wireless control

- The following connections are made with the 2-wire connection:
  L (phase, permanent) and N (neutral wire).
  Open (L phase) and Closed (L phase) are not connected.

The motor is normally permanently supplied with voltage. It is actuated via an integrated wireless receiver. Once it is activated, the motor starts to run in the desired direction. The wireless signal need not be on continuously during the run; a short pulse is sufficient.

The motor stops when an obstacle is detected, if a wireless pulse is given off in the opposite direction or the end of the track is reached.

Wireless Transmitter and Receiver

Optionally, the motor has an integrated wireless receiver for actuation.

With the 4-wire connection, the wireless control can be used optionally for actuation in addition to on-site button.

With the 3-wire connection, the wireless control cannot be used effectively, due to the non-permanent voltage supply.

With the 2-wire connection, the wireless control must be used for actuation.
Configuration and Commissioning
The motor has no other setting or configuration options. It is ready for operation after installation. No additional steps are required for commissioning.

Power Shutdown
The integrated motor control unit serves to operate the motor until such time as it exceeds the permissible torque. This function is called a power shutdown. This allows the drive to detect obstacles and shut down.

The power shutdown is also used to detect the end positions. Since the motor’s power consumption increases at the end positions, the drive shuts off.

Low Speed Operation
During the first run, the integrated motor control unit determines the duration of a normal run. Shortly before the end of this period, the motor runs at reduced speed to save the mechanics and increase safety.

Likewise, the motor also runs at reduced speed if it shuts off before the end, due to the power shutdown.

Connecting in Parallel
Several motors can be connected in parallel to one control switch. One motor can be connected in parallel to multiple control switches. The maximum switching capacity of the installation should be observed in doing so.

3.1 Dimensions
The control unit is generally located in the motor extension and is firmly connected to it. The dimensions are approximately 52 x 60 x 225 mm (WxHxL), excluding mounting block and cable.
4 Cable installation

4.1 Cable diagrams

4.1.1 4-wire connection

4.1.2 3- wire connection

4.1.3 2- wire connection

4.2 Wiring requirements

The following specifications are minimum requirements.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wire</th>
<th>Type of wire</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>between elec. connection and motor</td>
<td>1. H05RN-F (o. glw.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preassembled cables to the motor</td>
<td>4 x 0,75 mm², length. 0,5m without special wire</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Optional other type of wire, Other lengths and connections available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>between elec. connection and button</td>
<td>site depending on requirements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>and between button and power line</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1 – Type of wire
5 Connection

5.1 Completing the electrical connections

- Disconnect power supply
- Secure shutdown
- Safety instructions, see chapter 2
- Do connections as indicated
- The motor is connected

5.2 4-wire-connection

5.3 3-wire-connection

5.4 2-wire-connection
6 Wireless Receiver

An integrated wireless receiver in the engine is available for operation using one or more wireless transmitters. The wireless receiver is already installed at the factory and is ready for use without any further connections.

6.1 Programming Wireless Transmitters

The wireless receiver can be switched to the learning mode for teaching-in and clearing wireless transmitters. For a unit with wireless transmitters that have not yet been taught-in, this can be done for about 30 seconds after it has been switched on or can be accomplished via an already taught-in wireless transmitter using the learning button.

Note

A maximum of 32 wireless transmitters can be taught-in on one wireless receiver.

6.1.1 Teaching-in the First Wireless Transmitter

If no wireless transmitter has been taught-in on the wireless receiver yet, the wireless receiver will be in learning mode for about 30 seconds after being switched on.

- Supply motor and thus wireless receiver with voltage
  - The wireless receiver will be in learning mode for about 30 seconds
  - Briefly press the learning button on the desired wireless transmitter (<1.6 seconds)
  - The wireless transmitter's LED flashes at 1-second intervals
  - Briefly press one of the function buttons (Open, Closed or the like) on the desired wireless transmitter (<1.6 seconds)
  - The wireless transmitter has been taught-in
  - Learning mode is automatically exited

6.1.2 Teaching-in Additional Wireless Transmitters

If one or more wireless transmitters have already been taught-in, for example using the above-described procedure or in the factory, the wireless receiver is switched to learning mode using one of the wireless transmitters that has already been taught-in.

- Supply motor and thus wireless receiver with voltage
- Briefly press the learning button on the already taught-in wireless transmitter (<1.6 seconds)
  - The already taught-in wireless transmitter’s LED flashes at 1-second intervals
  - Briefly press one of the function buttons (Open, Closed or the like) on the already taught-in wireless transmitter (<1.6 seconds)
  - Learning mode is activated for about 10 seconds
  - Briefly press the learning button on the desired wireless transmitter (<1.6 seconds)
  - The already desired wireless transmitter’s LED flashes at 1-second intervals
Wireless Receiver

- Briefly press one of the function buttons (Open, Closed or the like) on the desired wireless transmitter (<1.6 seconds)
- The wireless transmitter has been taught-in
- Learning mode is automatically exited
- Der Lernmodus wird automatisch verlassen

Clearing Wireless Transmitters with Taught-in Wireless Transmitter

All wireless receivers can be cleared in order to reset the wireless receiver to factory settings and teach-in the desired wireless transmitter again. An already taught-in wireless transmitter is required for this purpose.

- Supply motor and thus wireless receiver with voltage
- Press and hold down the learning button on the already taught-in wireless transmitter for a longer time (<5 seconds)
- The already taught-in wireless transmitter’s LED flashes rapidly
- Press and hold down one of the function buttons (Open, Closed or the like) on the already taught-in wireless transmitter for a longer time (<5 seconds)
- All wireless transmitters have been cleared
- Disconnect motor and thus wireless receiver from voltage source
- The wireless transmitter comes with factory settings installed, without any taught-in wireless transmitters

6.1.3 Emergency Teach for lost remote controls

If none of the learned transmitters be available, must be taught new, to the so-called emergency learning needs to be performed.

**Note**
Run this emergency learning only if the already memorized radio transmitters are not available. For all other cases, the procedures described in advance are more comfortable.

- supply power to the motor, and also to the wireless receiver,
  → do as described in the followed: 4 times the motor and thus the radio receiver must be switched on and off, with the fifth turning on the wireless receiver it is back in the learning mode for 30 seconds.

- Supply motor and thus wireless receiver away from voltage
- Supply motor with voltage (<0,5 seconds)
  and disconnect immediately.
- Stop of the first turn on process

- Supply motor and thus wireless receiver away from voltage for min. 10 seconds
- Supply motor with voltage (<0,5 Sekunden)
  and disconnect again immediately.
- Stop of the second turn on process

- Supply motor and thus wireless receiver away from voltage for min. 10 seconds
Wireless Receiver

- Supply motor with voltage (<0.5 seconds) and disconnect again immediately.
- Stop of the third turn on process

- Supply motor and thus wireless receiver away from voltage for min. 10 seconds
- Supply motor with voltage (<0.5 seconds) and disconnect again immediately.
- Stop of the forth turn on process

- Keep the motor away from voltage
- The wireless receiver it is back in the learning mode for 30 seconds
  - The teaching in of the wireless receiver can be done like described in chapter 6.
  - This is now an additional wireless receiver all in former times teaches receivers are still in function.
  - If the learning mode is not used, i.e. it can be taught no new wireless receiver or the motor disconnected again from the power, so the already memorized wireless receiver remains programmed.
    The complete procedure must be repeated again if necessary.